

1 **ENERGY STAR Test Procedure for Determining the Power Use of Small Network**
2 **Equipment**

3
4 **First Draft**
5 **December 7, 2009**

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7 **Note:** This draft test procedure is intended for stakeholder review of EPA's initial proposal for testing
8 small network equipment. It will be the basis for a December 10th stakeholder online meeting. EPA's
9 primary goals for this document are to generate feedback on the structure of the test procedure, proposed
10 revisions, and areas for clarification. EPA will review feedback from the stakeholder online meeting and
11 incorporate feedback as necessary into a second draft of this document. EPA will provide an additional
12 period of time during December and January for stakeholders to review and comment on the second
13 draft.

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15 Early questions, comments, and feedback should be forwarded to networking@energystar.gov.

16
17 **1. Overview**

18 The following protocol shall be followed when testing products for compliance with the ENERGY STAR
19 Version 1.0 Small Network Equipment (SNE) specification.

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21 **2. Applicability**

22 Products must be tested with hardware and software in the default "as-shipped" configuration, unless
23 otherwise specified in this document.

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25 **Note:** Consistent with other ENERGY STAR programs, all testing will be conducted with SNE configured
26 as it ships by default to customers unless specific instruction in the test setup requires otherwise. EPA
27 includes this requirement to ensure that any energy-saving features impacting testing mirrors the features
28 likely to be utilized by the customer.

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31 **3. Definitions**

32 Unless otherwise specified, all terms used in this test procedure are consistent with the definitions in the
33 Version 1.0 ENERGY STAR Eligibility Criteria for Small Network Equipment.

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35 **Note:** Definitions will ultimately be included in section 1 of the SNE specification. Unless otherwise
36 specified, all other terms used in this document are consistent with the definitions contained in the Small
37 Network Equipment Framework Document.

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39 Below are additional terms referenced in this draft test procedure. These definitions, along with other
40 stakeholder suggestions, will be included in the SNE specification definitions section as the test
41 procedure is incorporated into a draft specification.

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 - 44 **UUT:** An acronym for "unit under test," which in this case refers to the network equipment being
45 tested.
 - 46 **WLAN Test Client:** A WLAN client is a device that is capable of establishing an 802.11x link with an
47 AP and sending and receiving data to and from the AP.

49 **4. Test Setup**

50 **4.1. Quality Control**

51 EPA recommends that all testing be conducted in facilities that follow quality control guidelines specified
52 in ISO/IEC 17025, and that all test equipment be annually calibrated by an accredited laboratory.

54 **Note:** The quality control language above is referenced in other ENERGY STAR specifications. This
55 recommendation is intended to provide stakeholders with guidance on laboratory capabilities likely to be
56 applied in testing of SNE.

57 **4.2. Reporting**

- 59 a) **Power Measurements:** All power figures shall be reported in watts, accurate to the second decimal
60 place. For loads greater than or equal to 10 W, three significant figures shall be reported.

62 **4.3. Instrumentation**

64 **Note:** The Power Analyzer, Measurement Accuracy, and Test Condition requirements reference
65 provisions for IEC 62301, *Household electrical appliances – Measurement of standby power*. These
66 requirements are widely applied for ENERGY STAR testing where measurement of low power levels is
67 required.

- 68 a) **Power Analyzer**¹: Power analyzers used for testing must meet the following requirements:
- 70 1. Current crest factor of > 3 throughout the rated operating range. Analyzers that do not specify
71 current crest factor must be capable of measuring a current spike of at least 3 times the
72 maximum amperage measured during any 1-second sample;
- 73 2. Frequency response of at least 3 kHz;
- 74 3. Power resolution of 1 mW or better; and
- 75 4. Lower bound on the current range of 10mA or less.

76 In addition to the above requirements, the following attributes are recommended:

- 78 1. Calibration with a standard traceable to the U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology
79 (NIST); and
- 80 2. Capable of averaging power measurements over any user selected time interval (this is usually
81 done with an internal calculation dividing accumulated energy by time within the analyzer, which
82 is the most accurate approach); or capable of integrating energy over any user selected time
83 interval and integrating with a resolution of 1 second or less.

- 85 b) **Measurement Accuracy:** Measurements of power of 0.5 W or greater shall be made with an
86 uncertainty of less than or equal to 2% at the 95% confidence level. Measurements of power of less
87 than 0.5 W shall be made with an uncertainty of less than or equal to 0.01 W at the 95% confidence
88 level. The power measurement instrument shall have a resolution of:
- 89 1. 0.01 W or better for power measurements of 10 W or less;
- 90 2. 0.1 W or better for power measurements of greater than 10 W up to 100 W; and
- 91 3. 1 W or better for power measurements of greater than 100 W.

¹ Characteristics of approved meters taken from IEC 62301 Ed 1.0: Measurement of Standby Power

92 c) Test Conditions93 **Table 1: Test Conditions**

Supply Voltage	Maximum Power	$\leq 1.5 \text{ kW}$	$> 1.5 \text{ kW}$
North America/Taiwan:	115 ($\pm 1\%$) V ac, 60 Hz ($\pm 1\%$)	115 ($\pm 4\%$) V ac, 60 Hz ($\pm 1\%$)	
Europe/Australia/New Zealand:	230 ($\pm 1\%$) V ac, 50 Hz ($\pm 1\%$)	230 ($\pm 4\%$) V ac, 50 Hz ($\pm 1\%$)	
Japan:	100 ($\pm 1\%$) V ac, 50 Hz ($\pm 1\%$)/60 Hz ($\pm 1\%$)	100 ($\pm 4\%$) V ac, 50 Hz ($\pm 1\%$)/60 Hz ($\pm 1\%$)	
China	220 ($\pm 1\%$) V ac, 50 Hz ($\pm 1\%$)	220 ($\pm 4\%$) V ac, 50 Hz ($\pm 1\%$)	
Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) (Voltage)		< 2% THD	< 5% THD
Ambient Temperature	23°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$		
Relative Humidity	10 – 80 %		

94 **References:**

- 95 • IEC 62301: Household Electrical Appliances – Measurement of Standby Power, Sections 4.2, 4.3, 4.4;

96 **4.4. Data Source/Transfer Requirements**

97 A network traffic generator shall be used to simulate traffic and monitor the reliability of links. The generator shall be configured for the correct traffic topology and traffic profile, and as follows:

- 98 1. All data transfers shall occur via TCP;
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- 99 2. The “data rate” shall be defined as the total average bits per second passing over a link in both
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- 100 directions. Data rates shall be expressed as the rate of data in the TCP data frame;
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- 101 3. The test traffic used shall contain random data in a variety of packet sizes based on an internet
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- 102 traffic mix (IMIX) sent in random intervals. See references for more information;
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- 103 4. The data shall be evenly split between the two data directions for a given link unless specified
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- 104 otherwise in this test procedure;
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- 105 5. Port numbers shall be randomized from the available pool of TCP ports.

106 **Table 2: Data Source/Transfer References**

References	Description
http://spcprev.spirentcom.com/documents/4079.pdf	Spirent, Test Methodology Journal, IMIX (Internet Mix) Journal, March 2006
http://www.ixiacom.com/library/test_plans/display?skew=testing_pppox	IXIA Library: Test Plans, Broadband PPPoX and L2TP Testing

114 **5. UUT Configuration**

115 **5.1. Supplied Power Configuration**

- 116 1. Mains-powered: Power consumption of UUT shall be measured and tested from an ac source to
117 the UUT.
- 118 2. Low-voltage Dc Powered: For products powered by standard low-voltage dc (e.g. Power over
119 Ethernet [IEEE 802.3af or .3at], or USB), a commercially available device (e.g. PoE power
120 injector or powered USB hub) shall be used, with the brand and model of the device recorded.
121 This device shall be considered the external power supply for the unit for this test. If a standard
122 low-voltage dc supply is shipped with the UUT, it must be used in testing. If the UUT
123 manufacturer sells an appropriate standard low-voltage dc supply, then a model from the UUT
124 manufacturer must be used.

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126 **Note:** An alternative to the above would be to measure the dc power directly, and multiply this by some
127 factor to account for typical ac-dc conversion losses. The above approach is proposed as it simplifies the
128 test procedure.

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130 **5.2. Wired Port UUT Configuration**

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132 Only Ethernet ports are considered network ports in 4.4 above. Ethernet connectivity and all other wired
133 ports shall be configured for testing as follows:

- 134 1. Data Connections: Non-Ethernet wired ports (e.g. USB, analog connections, POTS, audio), shall
135 not be connected, unless a secondary device and cable are shipped with the UUT (e.g. an
136 external disk with a USB connection).
- 137 2. Network Link Maintenance: The UUT's WAN port shall be connected to a live source. Network
138 links shall be continuously maintained, disregarding brief lapses when transitioning between link
139 speeds.
- 140 3. Ethernet Port Connection Rate: Ethernet ports shall be connected at the maximum supported
141 link rate unless specified otherwise in this test procedure.
- 142 4. Ethernet Cabling: Ethernet cables used in testing shall be 2 meters in length.
- 143 5. Power over Ethernet (PoE): PoE capability shall be configured in the default setting as it is
144 shipped to the customer.
- 145 6. Efficient Networking Protocols: If the device supports IEEE 802.3az, the connected devices must
146 also support it; if it supports LLDP for .3az, the connected devices must also support it.

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148 **Note:** EPA intends to include other wired LAN physical layers as they reach the market to a sufficient
149 degree.

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151 **5.3. Wireless UUT Configuration**

- 152 1. Wireless network conditions:
- 153 i. Random SSID;
- 154 ii. 128-bit WPA2 encrypted network;
- 155 iii. 5 GHz band for IEEE 802.11n networks;
- 156 iv. 2.4 GHz band for IEEE 802.11g networks;
- 157 v. An appropriate channel for the network (support OFDM over DSSS over FHSS if
158 configurable); and

159 vi. Interference robustness or other interference mitigation technology turned on.
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162 **Note:** EPA is considering the following conditions for a wireless test client serving the UUT. Using a
163 single wireless client connected over fixed attenuation cable(s) is an attempt for a simple, consistent test
164 environment. EPA is interested in industry comment on standard testing practices for wireless APs as well
165 as suggestions on the best way to test AP energy use.

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167 Wireless testing shall be done with a single WLAN Test Client.

- 168 1. Cable connected;
- 169 2. Set attenuation set to 70dB ± 1dB;
- 170 3. Set the client to forward traffic from and to the traffic generator (see 4.5 below);
- 171 4. For devices supporting multiple antennas, connect a cable between each antenna port and a
172 corresponding port on the WLAN client;
- 173 5. For devices supporting multiple hardwired antennas, connect a cable between each test port and
174 a corresponding port on the WLAN client.

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178 **5.4. UUT Network Settings:**

- 179 1. Enable Network Address Translation (NAT) for IPv4 networks;
- 180 2. Enable IPv6 Link Local, Neighbor Solicitation, Neighbor Discovery, Router Solicitation and
181 Router Advertisement

182 **Note:** This condition is intended to provide local IPv6 functionality inside IPv4 gateway scenario.

- 183 3. Enable Single Class C Subnet;
- 184 4. Enable single hop (router TTL + 1) to source on WAN side;
- 185 5. Enable DHCP and assign each configured test client an address by the DHCP service in the
186 router, or assign one in a manner typical of DHCP;
- 187 6. IPsec shall not be enabled.

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190 **5.5. UUT Preparation**

- 191 1. Record the manufacturer and model name of the UUT. Also record all basic information about the
192 UUT's configuration.
- 193 2. Connect the UUT to network resources as follows (the UUT must maintain live links in all
194 specified connections for the duration of testing):
 - 195 a. Modem (DSL, Cable, or ONT):
 - 196 i. Connect the UUT's WAN port to a live source at the maximum supported link
197 rate.
 - 198 ii. Connect one LAN port to a test client. If more than one connectivity option is
199 available including Ethernet, the Ethernet port must be used.
 - 200 b. Wired Switch/Router:
 - 202 i. Connect two of the UUT's available ports to a test client and ensure that live links
203 are maintained throughout testing on both connections.
 - 204 ii. If one UUT port is identified as the uplink or WAN port, it must be one of the two
205 ports connected for testing.
 - 206 c. Access Point:

- i. Connect the uplink port to a test WAN source and ensure that an active link is maintained.
 - d. IHAD (DSL, Cable, or ONT):
 - i. Connect the WAN port to a live source at the maximum supported link rate.
 3. Connect the power analyzer or analyzers to an ac or dc voltage source set to the appropriate voltage and frequency for the test.
 4. Plug the UUT into the measurement power outlet on the power analyzer, as follows:
 - a. No other devices – e.g. power strips or UPS units – may be connected between the meter and the UUT;
 - b. If the UUT uses an external power supply (EPS), the EPS is considered part of the UUT.
Plug the EPS input into the measurement power outlet on the meter;
 - c. The power analyzer shall remain connected until all testing is complete.
 5. Record the ac voltage and frequency.
 6. Allow the UUT to reach its fully ready state (all required links active).

6. Test Procedure

6.1. Procedure Structure

The test procedure is composed of a common section plus additional sections that are used only for certain product types. All SNE products shall complete section A plus any other applicable sections in order and as shown in the following table.

Table 3: Test Procedure Structure

	6.2. All	6.3. Modems	6.4. Wired	6.5. Wireless
Modem	X	X		
IHAD	X	X	X	X
Wired Switch / Router	X		X	
Wireless Router	X			X
Wired/Wireless	X		X	X

If a procedure step specifies a transfer rate unsupported in *either* direction, that step shall be skipped.

If a procedure step specifies a transfer rate supported in *only one* direction, record the maximum transfer rate for that direction and complete the procedure step using that rate in the supported direction, only.

6.2. Power Measurement Procedure

The following procedure shall be used for each test component in Section 6.3 below.

1. Reset the power analyzer (if necessary).
 2. Begin recording elapsed time.
 3. Set the analyzer to begin accumulating true power values at an interval of greater than or equal to 1 reading per second.
 4. Accumulate power values for 5 minutes and record the average (arithmetic mean) value observed during that 5 minute period.
 5. Record the test procedure step and measurements on the test report. If a step is repeated at an additional link rate, provide the additional measurements in the test report in an additional column labeled with the link rate for that column.

253 **Note:** EPA will provide a test report template to all stakeholders in the format requested above.
254 Consistent with data collection efforts for other ENERGY STAR product areas, a single test report
255 template will be used during specification development.

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257 **6.3. Tests**

258 **a) All Devices**

259 **Note:** This test is the base level test of the device in the minimum configuration without passing data.

- 260 1. Measure the power of the device in the initial configuration as per 6.2 above.

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262 **b) Modems and ONTs (including IHADs)**

263 **Note:** This section is intended to test the modem functionality of the device. The intent of tests at different
264 utilization levels is to determine if utilization impacts power consumption. A logarithmic set of port
265 throughputs is used to ensure broad coverage of device capability.

- 266 1. Connect one LAN port if the device currently only has a WAN connection (IHADs only). Ensure
267 the Ethernet ports are connected at their highest supported link rate. Measure the power
268 consumption as per 6.2 above.
- 269 2. Run data at 1.0 Mb/s (0.5 Mb/s in each direction) between the WAN and LAN ports. Measure the power
270 consumption as per 6.2 above.
- 271 3. Run data at 10 Mb/s (5 Mb/s in each direction) between the WAN and LAN ports. Measure the power
272 consumption as per 6.2 above.
- 273 4. Run data at 100 Mb/s (50 Mb/s in each direction) between the WAN and LAN ports. Measure the power
274 consumption as per 6.2 above.
- 275 5. Run data at 1000 Mb/s (500 Mb/s in each direction) between the WAN and LAN ports. Measure the power
276 consumption as per 6.2 above.
- 277 6. If the Ethernet port in use is supporting 1 Gb/s link rate, repeat section b with the port set for a
278 100 Mb/s link rate.

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281 **c) Wired Switches (including IHADs)**

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283 **Note:** EPA anticipates that scaling the data transfer rate in this procedure will demonstrate the power
284 savings attainable through use of IEEE 802.3az at 1 Gb/s.

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286 *Test with minimum ports used.*

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- 288 1. Ensure device has two connected LAN ports. Ensure the Ethernet ports are connected at their
289 highest supported link rate. Measure the power consumption as per 6.2 above
- 290 2. Run data at 1.0 Mb/s (0.5 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN ports. Measure the power
291 consumption as per 6.2 above.
- 292 3. Run data at 10.0 Mb/s (5.0 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN ports. Measure the power
293 consumption as per 6.2 above.
- 294 4. Run data at 100 Mb/s (50.0 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN ports. Measure the power
295 consumption as per 6.2 above.
- 296 5. Run data at 1000 Mb/s (500 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN ports. Measure the power
297 consumption as per 6.2 above.

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Test with half of ports used.

- 301 6. If the device has more than two Ethernet ports, connect half of the Ethernet ports (rounding up if
302 an odd number of total ports). Connect each port sequentially (a 5 port product would have ports
303 1-3 connected and 4, 5 disconnected). The Ethernet or other LAN ports must be connected at
304 their highest supported link rate. If the device specifies an uplink port, the device specified port
305 must be one of the used ports; otherwise, the first port is the uplink port. Measure the power
306 consumption as per 6.2 above.
307 7. Run data at 1.0 Mb/s (0.5 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN ports. Measure the power
308 consumption as per 6.2 above.
309 8. Run data at 10.0 Mb/s (5.0 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN ports. Measure the power
310 consumption as per 6.2 above.
311 9. Run data at 100 Mb/s (50.0 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN ports. Measure the power
312 consumption as per 6.2 above.
313 10. Run data at 1000 Mb/s (500 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN ports. Measure the power
314 consumption as per 6.2 above.

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Test with all ports used.

- 318 11. Connect all Ethernet ports. The Ethernet ports must be connected at their highest supported link
319 rate. If the device specifies an uplink port, the device specified port must be one of the used
320 ports; otherwise, the first port is the uplink port. Measure the power consumption as per 6.2
321 above.
322 12. Run data at 1.0 Mb/s (0.5 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN ports. Measure the power
323 consumption as per 6.2 above.
324 13. Run data at 10.0 Mb/s (5.0 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN ports. Measure the power
325 consumption as per 6.2 above.
326 14. Run data at 100 Mb/s (50.0 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN ports. Measure the power
327 consumption as per 6.2 above.
328 15. Run data at 1000 Mb/s (500 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN ports. Measure the power
329 consumption as per 6.2 above.
330 16. If these test have been run using links supporting 1 Gb/s traffic, repeat section c) with all links
331 set to support 100 Mb/s traffic.

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d) **Devices with Wireless Connectivity**

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Note: The wireless tests are intended to target the general set of 802.11x APs.

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1. Ensure only one LAN port is connected to the UUT. Ensure the Ethernet port is connected at its
highest supported link rate. If the device specifies an uplink port, the device specified port must
be used; otherwise the first port must be used. The WLAN must be configured for the highest
supported link rate. Record the supported rate for the network port, the wireless link and the
version of 802.11 being used for this test. Measure the power consumption as per 6.2 above.
2. Run data at 0.1 Mb/s (0.05 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN port and the WLAN client.
Measure the power consumption as per 6.2 above.
3. Run data at 1.0 Mb/s (0.5 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN port and the WLAN client.
Measure the power consumption as per 6.2 above.

- 345 4. Run data at 10 Mb/s (5 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN port and the WLAN client.
346 Measure the power consumption as per 6.2 above.
- 347 5. Run data at 100 Mb/s (50 Mb/s in each direction) between the LAN port and the WLAN client.
348 Measure the power consumption as per 6.2 above.
- 349 6. Repeat section d) for each supported version of 802.11x at the highest supported link rate for
350 that version.
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352 **7. Reporting**

353 ***7.1. Data Reporting Requirement***

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355 The test results shall be reported to EPA or the European Commission, as appropriate, taking care to
356 ensure that all required information has been included.

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358 ***7.2. Required Information***

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360 The following characteristics shall be reported.

361 1. Manufacturer and model name

362 2. Basic information about the configuration

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364 **Note:** EPA intends to further develop this section in future versions of the test procedure. At this time,
365 EPA anticipates that UUT type, UUT physical connection options, and UUT supported wireless standards
366 would be among the characteristics required for reporting.

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368 As referenced in the power measurement procedure, EPA intends to develop a data collection form to
369 accompany the test procedure that will provide the required recording format for all included tests.

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