

ENERGY STAR® Displays Stakeholder Webinar: Draft 2 Version 5.0 Specification

December 2, 2008

Christopher Kent, U.S. EPA
kent.christopher@epa.gov

Overview



- Welcome
- Introductions
- Agenda review
- Discussion of Draft 2 Version 5.0 Specification
- Timeline and next steps

Today's Agenda



- 12:00 p.m. Welcome & Introductions
- 12:10 p.m. Review of agenda
- 12:15 p.m. Review of topics addressed in Draft 2
- 2:15 p.m. Timeline and next steps
- 2:30 p.m. Meeting adjourned

Draft 2 Key Changes



- Prescribed luminance levels
- Sleep requirements and levels
- On Mode requirements
- Automatic Brightness Control
- Lab accreditation
- Environmental impacts

Draft 2 Displays Summary



On Mode Requirements:

Product	On Power Requirement (W)
< 30 “, <= 1.1 MP	$P = 0.05 * A + 6 * MP + 3$
< 30 “, > 1.1 MP	$P = 0.05 * A + 9 * MP + 3$
>=30 “	$P = 0.12 * A + 35 * MP + 4$

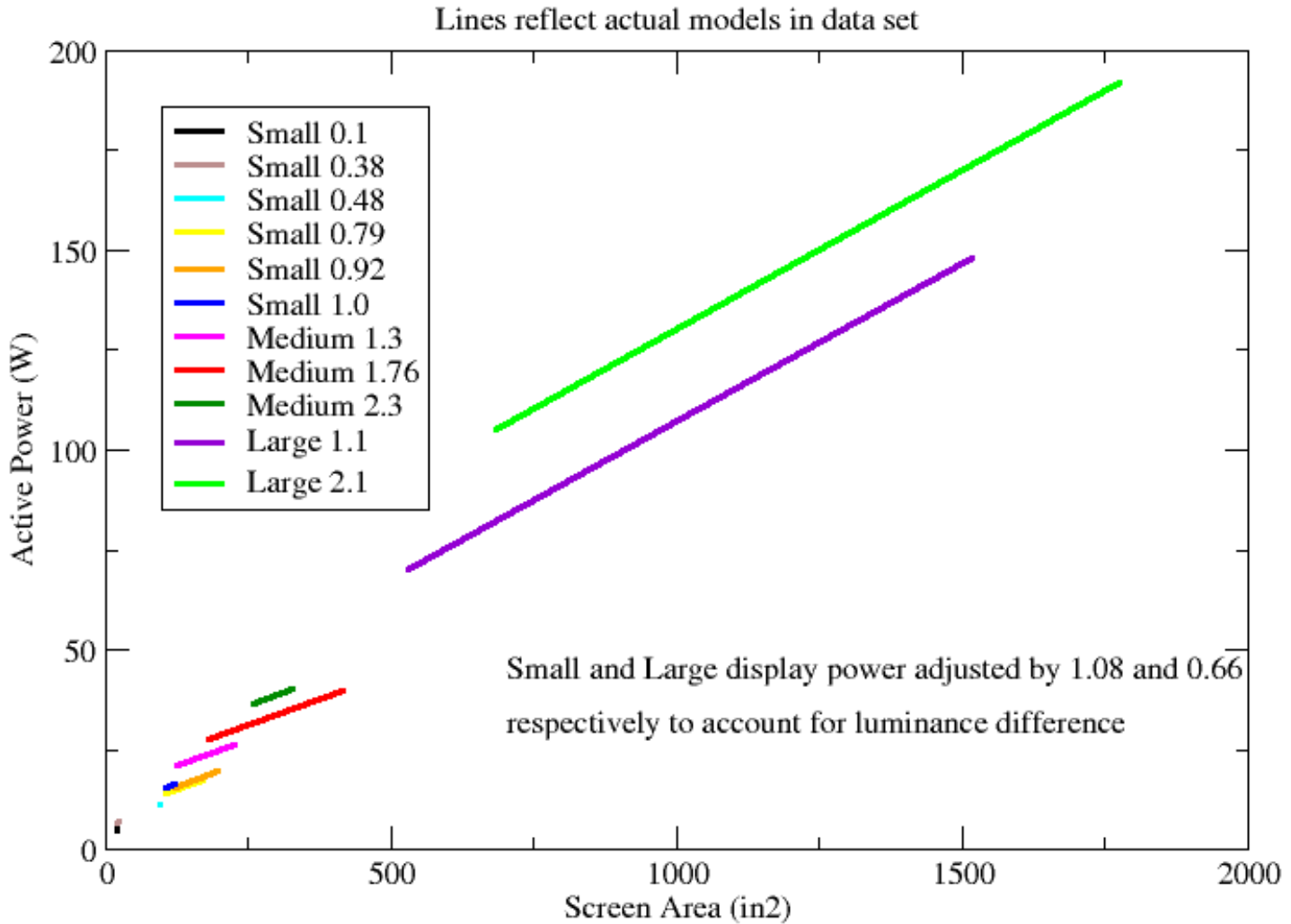
Sleep & Off Mode Requirements (Tier 1):

Product Type	Sleep (W)	Off (W)
< 30 “, <= 1.1 MP	2	1
< 30 “, > 1.1 MP	2	1
>=30 “	4	2

Sleep & Off Mode Requirements (Tier 2) = 1 W (All)

*All product must meet sleep requirement. 50% of DPFs in EPA dataset have a Sleep Mode.

Draft 2 Displays Results



Draft 2 Displays Qualifying Rates



Product	Count (n)	Pass On Mode (n)	% Pass On Mode	Pass All Modes (n)	% Pass All Modes
Digital Frames	9	2	22	1	11
15 & 16" Monitor	12	4	33	4	33
17 and 19" Monitor	48	10	21	10	21
> 19" Monitor	49	12	24	12	24
Professional Displays	23	7	30	6	26
All	141	35	25	33	23

Draft 2 Displays Expected Savings



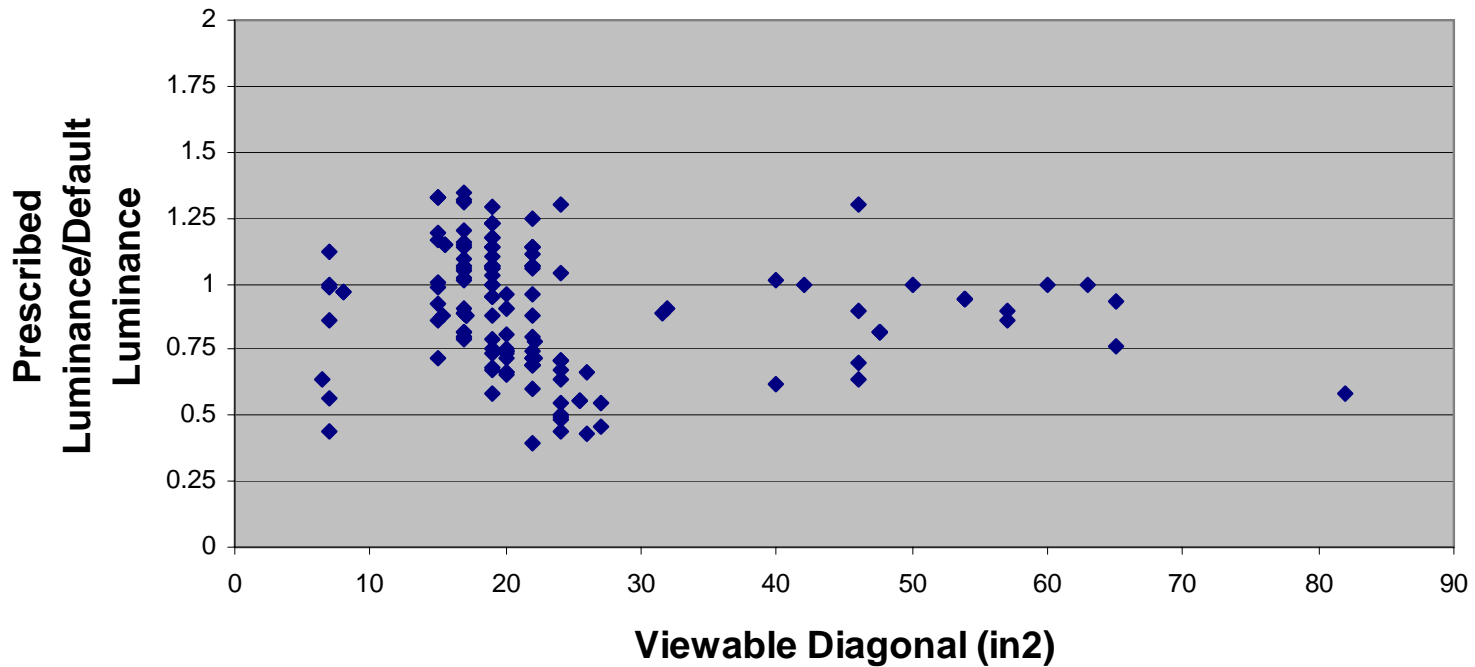
- Average per unit energy reduction: ~18%
- Average per unit energy savings:
 - 11 kWh/yr for < 30 inch screens
 - 486 kWh/yr for \geq 30 inch screens
- Average lifetime energy savings:
 - 43 kWh/yr for < 30 inch screens
 - 1,947 kWh/yr for \geq 30 inch screens

Draft 2 Luminance Settings



Luminance at Prescribed levels

175 cd/m² for models < 30 " and < 1.1 MP
200 cd/m² for models < 30 " and ≥ 1.1 MP
350 cd/m² for models ≥ 30 "



Draft 2 Luminance (continued)



- Based on dataset, 175 and 200 cd/m² levels are representative.
- Based on dataset, 350 cd/m² is representative of LCD professional displays.
- Plasma Professional Displays (PDPs) have lower luminance levels. Current lack of data limits ability to set a luminance level that accommodates PDPs.

Draft 2 Luminance (continued)



- Discussion
 - Using set luminance levels instead of measuring power at default luminance
 - Linking luminance settings to screen area
 - The specific luminance settings

Draft 2 Testing: Key Issues



- Analog vs. Digital Interfaces
- Display vs. TV Test Procedure
- Automatic Brightness Control

Draft 2 Testing: Key Issues (continued)



- Discussion
 - Impact of digital signal generator on power consumption
 - Testing displays with TV [IEC] test procedure to gather data
 - ABC: Lux levels and time in mode comments

Lab Accreditation - Purpose



- Preserve self-certification - Increased criticism of self-certification and pressure to ensure accuracy of test information.
- Ensure quality of testing data – Put requirements in place that ensure quality to all interested stakeholders.
- Address data quality issue across all ENERGY STAR products.
 - Quality of test data for ENERGY STAR products is not an issue specific to displays, but is of current importance and relevance.
 - Program integrity is important to the ENERGY STAR brand. Testing through accredited labs and quality certification programs lends more credibility to the ENERGY STAR self-certification process.

Lab Accreditation – Short term



Suggested language change

Partners are required to perform tests and self-certify those product models that meet the ENERGY STAR guidelines. In order to conduct testing, in support of qualification for ENERGY STAR, the display must be tested in a facility that has quality control procedures for monitoring the validity of tests and calibrations. ENERGY STAR recommends conducting these tests in a facility that follows the general requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories as described in the International Standard ISO/IEC 17025.

Lab Accreditation – Longer term



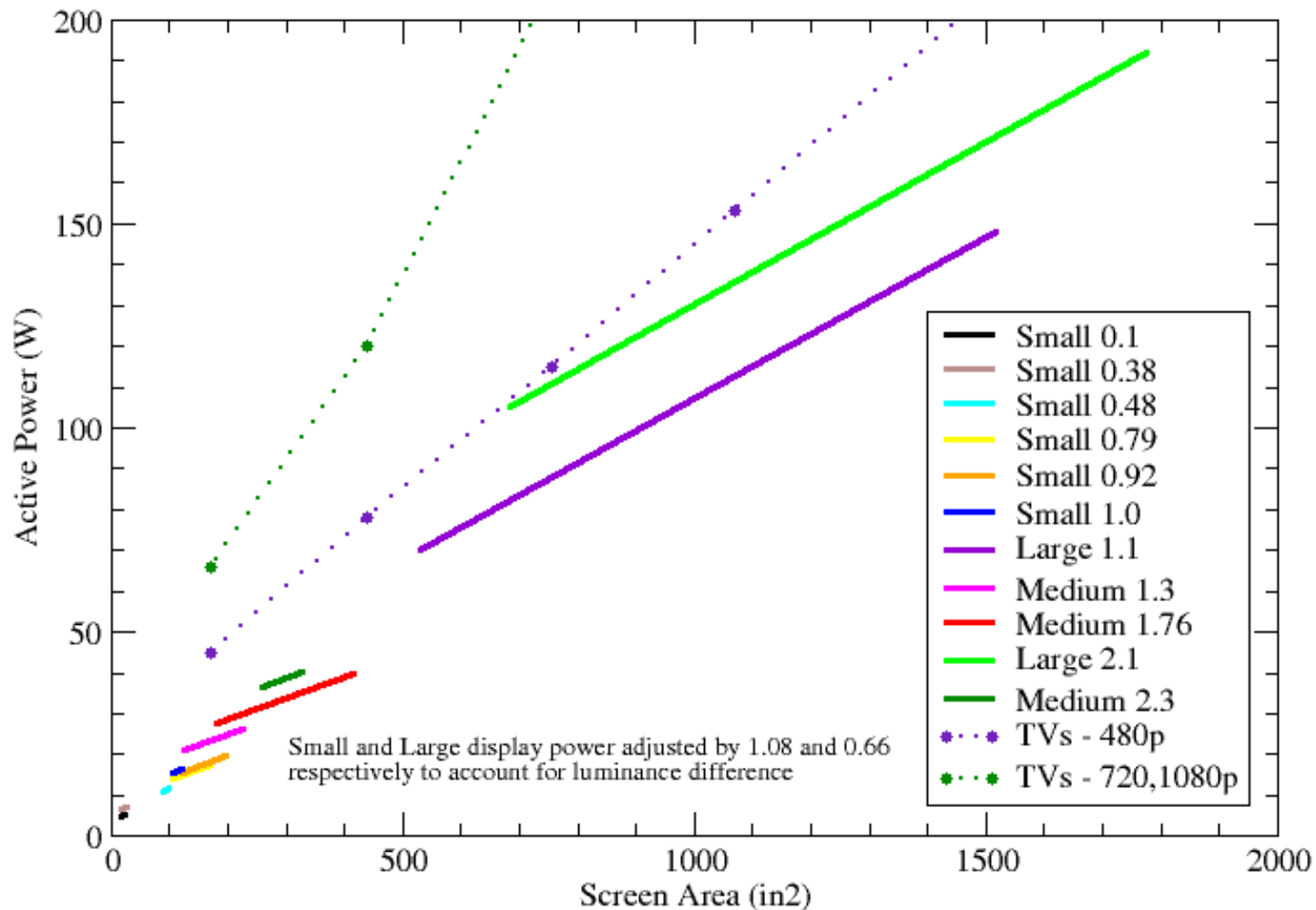
- Continue to explore the feasibility of requiring accreditations for facilities/laboratories that conduct testing to ensure the quality of test results.
- Finish development of verification testing requirements for computers and discuss how these requirements will be transferred to other IT and electronics products.

TV and Display Convergence



- Harmonize definitions
- Test procedure harmonization (where applicable)
- Adder approach to functionality and power
- GOAL: Harmonize specification requirements

TV and Display Convergence (continued)



TV and Display Convergence (continued)



- Discussion
 - Important to obtain test data for certain products using IEC test procedure
 - Future product features
 - Harmonizing testing and definitions
 - Comparing the specifications

Broader Environmental Objectives



- Context:
 - ENERGY STAR qualified products deliver energy savings and GHG reductions plus meet consumer expectations re: product performance and features.
 - Increasingly, consumers want products that are environmentally friendly across the life cycle.
 - EPA/OAR proposed a requirement to capture F-gases used during LCD manufacturing, reducing GHG emissions by nearly 0.36 MMTC (nearly 3 billion pounds of CO₂).
- EPA/OAR Goal: Explore ways ENERGY STAR program can address life cycle energy use and other environmental characteristics to meet expectations.
- Pilot Concept: Test possible path forward via near term display/computer pilot.

Display/Computer Pilot Approaches



- Incorporate additional requirements to reduce embodied energy and address other environmental issues (e.g., F gases-analysis to be distributed with meeting materials, toxins) into ENERGY STAR specifications.
- Highlight or recognize ENERGY STAR qualified products that deliver added environmental benefits such as reduced embodied energy/toxins.
 - Highlight on qualified product list/website
 - Recognize with differentiated product designation (i.e., a label)

Next Steps

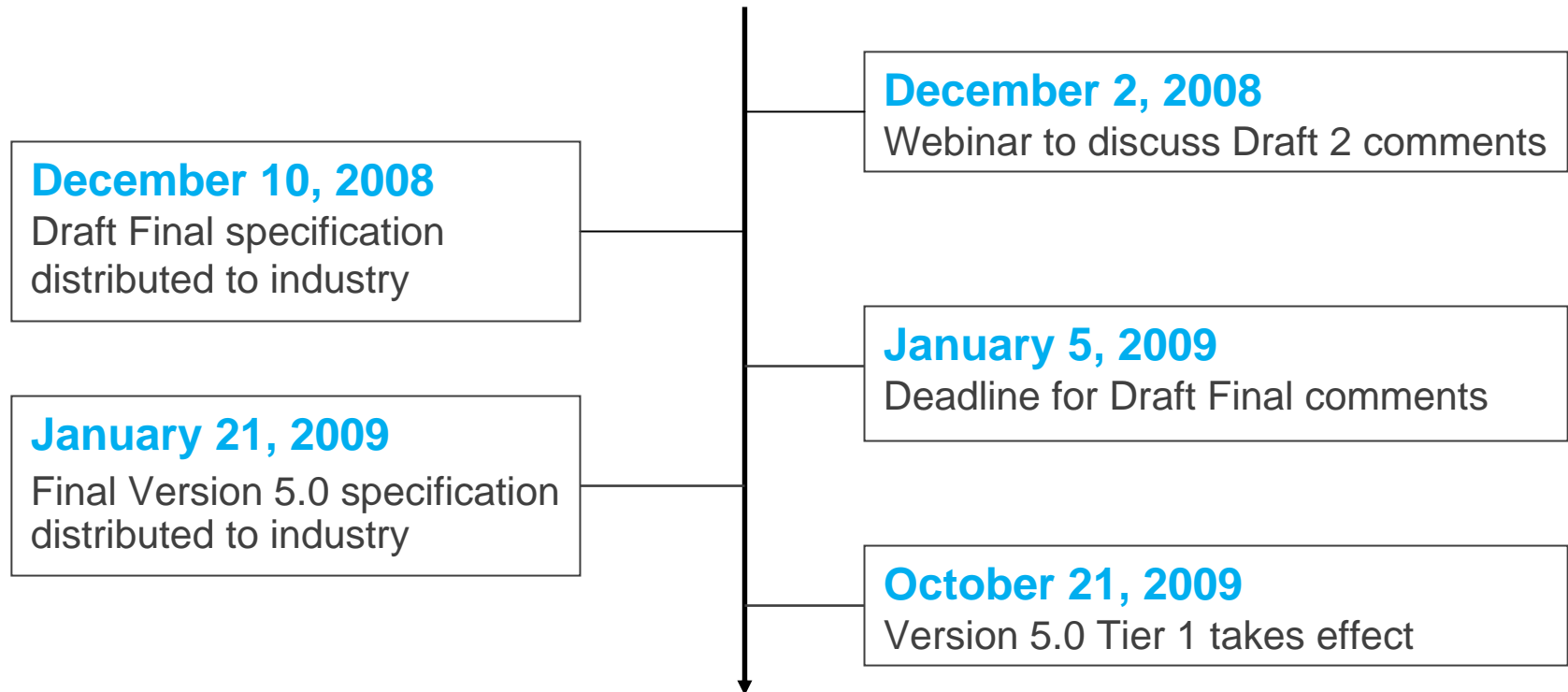


- Participate in 3-5 discussions regarding structure, requirements, and recognition beginning in early December and continuing through the first quarter of 2009.
- Stakeholders are very much encouraged to help shape pilot.
- EPA/OAR is aiming to launch a pilot no later than April 2009.
- Contact: Katharine Kaplan, kaplan.katharine@epa.gov, (202) 343-9120.



Wrap-up

Proposed Timeline for Version 5.0 Specification Completion





Outstanding questions?

Contact Information



Christopher Kent
ENERGY STAR Program
202-343-9046
kent.christopher@epa.gov

Marla Sanchez
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
412-653-2949
mcsanchez@lbl.gov

Joshua Forgotson
ICF International
202-862-1234
jforgotson@icfi.com



Thank you